



E-mail:sales@sunlongbiotech.com

www.sunlongbiotech.com

# Acid Invertase (AI) Activity Assay Kit

**Note:** Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

**Operation Equipment:** Spectrophotometer/Microplate reader

Catalog Number: AK0286

**Size:** 100T/48S

## **Components:**

Extract solution: 100 mL×1. Storage at 4°C.

Reagent I: 40 mL×1. Storage at 4°C.

Reagent II: Powder $\times 1$ . Storage at 4°C . Add 20 mL of Reagent I to fully dissolve for standby when the

solution will be used. Unused reagent is still stored at 4°C.

Reagent III: 20 mL×1. Storage at 4°C.

Standard solution: Powder×1. Storage at 4°C. Add 1 mL of distilled water with filly dissolve before use to

prepare 10 mg/mL glucose standard solution for standby.

# **Product Description**

Invertase (Ivr) catalyzes the irreversible decomposition of sucrose into fructose and glucose, which is one of the key enzymes in sucrose metabolism of higher plants. According to the optimal pH, Ivr can be divided into two types: acid invertase (AI) and neutral invertase (Ni).

AI (EC 3.2. 1.26) mainly exists in cell vacuole or free space, and the optimal pH is 4.5-5.0 (acid). It can regulate the utilization of sucrose in vacuole and the accumulation of sugar in fruit by degrading sucrose in vacuole.

AI catalyzes the degradation of sucrose to produce reducing sugar, and further reacts with 3,5-dinitrosalicylic acid to form brownish red amino compound, which has a characteristic light absorption at 540 nm, and the increase rate of light absorption at 540 nm in a certain range is in direct proportion to AI activity.

### Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided

Spectrophotometer/microplate reader, desktop centrifuge, water-bath, adjustable pipette, micro glass cuvette/ 96 well flat-bottom plate, mortar/homogenizer, ice and distilled water.

#### Procedure

# I. Extraction of crude enzyme

Weigh about 0.1 g of tissue, add 1 mL of Extract solution for ice bath homogenization. Centrifuge at 12000×g for 10 minutes at 4°C, take the supernatant and place it on ice for test.

### **I**. Determination steps and sample adding table:

a. Preheat spectrophotometer/microplate reader more than 30 minutes, adjust wavelength to 540 nm and set zero with distilled water.





E-mail:sales@sunlongbiotech.com www.sunlongbiotech.com

- Production of standard curve: Dilute the standard solution to 2, 1.5, 1.0, 0.5 and 0.25 mg/mL of b. glucose standard solution.
- c. Sample determination (add the following reagents in sequence in the 1.5 mL EP tube):

Reagent Name (µL)	Test tube (T)	Control tube (C)	Standard tube (S)
Crude enzyme	50	50	-
Reagent I	_	200	-
Reagent II	200	-	200
Standard solution	-	_	50

Mix well. After 30 minutes of accurate water bath at 37°C, boil for about 10 minutes (cover tightly to prevent water loss). After water cooling, mix well (to ensure constant concentration). Centrifuge at 12000 ×g for 5 minutes at 4°C and take the supernatant.

Supernatant	200	200	200
Reagent III	125	125	125

Mix well, boil for about 10 minutes (cover tightly to prevent water loss). After water cooling, mix well. Take 200 µL of the supernatant to a micro glass cuvette/96 well plate, record the absorption value A of each tube at 540 nm, calculate  $\Delta A = A_T - A_C$ .

## IV. Calculation of AI activity:

- 1. Draw the standard curve with the absorbance value of each concentration minus the absorbance of the blank tube (concentration of 0 mg/mL) as the y-axis and the glucose concentration as the x-axis. The regression equation determined under standard conditions is y=kx+b, Take  $\Delta A$  into the equation to get x  $(\mu mol/mL)$ .
- 2. Calculation of AI activity:
- 1) Calculate by protein concentration:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme catalyzes the production of 1 μg of reducing sugar per minute at 37°C every milligram of protein.

AI activity(U/mg) =  $(x \times V1 \times 1000) \div (V1 \times Cpr) \div T = 33.3 \times x \div Cpr$ 

2) Calculate by sample fresh weight:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme catalyzes the production of 1 µg of reducing sugar per minute at 37°C every gram of tissue.

AI activity(U/g fresh weight) =  $(x \times V1 \times 1000) \div (W \times V1 \div V2) \div T = 33.3 \times x \div W$ 

1000: Unit conversion factor, 1 mg/mL =  $1000 \mu g/mL$ ;

V1: The volume of sample added into the reaction system, 0.05 mL;

V2: Add the volume of extract solution, 1 mL;

Cpr: Concentration of sample protein, mg/mL;

W: Sample fresh weight, g;

T: Reaction time: 30 minutes.

#### Note

1. If Reagent III is added and there is turbidity after boiling for 10 minutes, it is recommended to remove





www.sunlongbiotech.com

E-mail:sales@sunlongbiotech.com

the precipitate by centrifugation and take the supernatant to determine the absorbance.

- 2. If the absorbance value is greater than 1, the sample can be measured after diluted with distilled water (multiply the corresponding dilution times in the calculation formula).
- 3. Because the Extract solution contains a certain concentration of protein (about 1 mg/mL), the protein content of the Extract solution itself needs to be subtracted when determining the protein concentration of the sample.

# **Experimental example:**

1. Take 0. 1g of Hibiscus syriacus and add 1 mL of Extract solution for homogenization and grinding, take the supernatant and dilute it twice with distilled water, and then operate according to the determination steps. Use 96 well plate to calculate:  $\Delta A_T = 0.574$ ,  $\Delta A_C = 0.378$ ,  $\Delta A = A_T - A_C = 0.574 - 0.378 = 0.196$ , bring in the standard curve y = 0.7408x - 0.0289, calculate x = (0.196 + 0.0289)/0.7408 = 0.304AI activity (U / g mass) =  $33.3 \times x \div W \times dilution ratio = 33.3 \times 0.304 \div 0.1 \times 2 = 202.46 U/g mass.$ 

#### References:

[1] Huang Y W, Nie Y X, Wan Y Y, et al. Exogenous glucose regulates activities of antioxidant enzyme, soluble acid invertase and neutral invertase and alleviates dehydration stress of cucumber seedlings[J]. Scientia horticulturae, 2013, 162: 20-30.

#### **Related Products:**

AK0285/AK0284	Neutral Invertase(NI) Activity Assay Kit
AK0538/AK0537	Sucrose Synthetase(SS) Activity Assay Kit
AK0534/AK0533	Sucrose Phosphoric Acid Synthetase(SPS) Activity Assay Kit
AK0226/AK0224	Plant Sucrose Content Assay Kit